3nd HTR WorkSshop Oaral, 16 April, 2007

Overview of HITR Project

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Features of HTGR

Shutdown !

Increase of fuel and graphite temperatures results in generation of negative reactivity, which decreases reactor power without active control.

Cooling !

Reactor core can be cooled from the outside of the reactor pressure vessel even in loss of coolant.

Confinement !

Fourfold ceramics coatings of fuel particles confine fission products even at temperature of 1600°C.

High-temperature heat

makes it possible to generate electricity and to produce hydrogen etc. with *high efficiency*.



HTTR Project in JAEA



High Temperature Engineering Test Reactor (HTTR)



Major specification

Thermal power	30 MW
Fuel	Coated fuel particle /
	Prisinalic block type
Core material	Graphite
Coolant	Helium
Inlet temperature	395 °C
Outlet temperature	950 °C (Max.)
Pressure	4 MPa

History

- First criticality : 1998
 Full power operation : 2001
- High temperature operation (950°C) : 2004

Future Plan of HTTR Project

Reactor Technology (HTTR)

- Attainment of reactor-outlet coolant temperature of 950°C (April, 2004)
- Safety demonstration test
- Improvement of fuel and materials

Hydrogen Production Technology IS Process

- Completion of 1 week continuous hydrogen production (Jun, 2004)
- Improvement of system efficiency
- Pilot test (under planning)

System Integration

- Safety evaluation
- Isolation valve tests

HTGR Plant Design and Gas Turbine Technology

- Design of GTHTR300 and GTHTR300C
- Tests of compressor, magnetic bearing etc.



Hydrogen Production with HTTR-IS System (1000m³/h) Commercial HTGR System

Hydrogen production for commercial use in 2020s



Today's Presentations

